



CLASS 6 HINDI · 2026-27

संधि, उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय

Word formation

36

QUESTIONS

25

MINUTES

3

EXERCISES

This belongs to _____ Date _____

WHAT YOU'LL GET GOOD AT

- Breaks a sandhi word into the two words that formed it
- Identifies the upsarg or pratyay attached to a root word
- Builds new words from a given root

Take your time, and have a go at every one. If you get stuck, look at the orange box — Ollie has already done one for you.

संधि, उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय

Word formation · 36 questions · tick each box as you finish

Exercise 1 of 3 · 12 questions संधि-विच्छेद कीजिए - break the joined word.



WRITE THE ANSWER

HERE'S ONE DONE FOR YOU

विद्यालय -> विद्या + आलय. Two vowels met and merged: आ from विद्या and आ from आलय. Three of these six end in आलय meaning 'a place', which is a useful pattern - once your child spots it, विद्यालय, देवालय and हिमालय all break the same way.

1) विद्यालय

2) सूर्योदय

3) हिमालय

4) देवालय

5) रामावतार

6) महेश

7) पुस्तकालय

8) नरेश

9) सदैव

10) रवींद्र

11) जगदीश

12) विद्यार्थी

Exercise 2 of 3 · 12 questions उपसर्ग अलग कीजिए - separate the prefix from the root word.

WRITE THE ANSWER

HERE'S ONE DONE FOR YOU

अनुचित -> अनु + उचित. The उपसर्ग sits in front and changes the meaning: उचित means proper, अनुचित means improper. Notice सु and अप do opposite jobs - सुपुत्र is a good son, अपमान is the opposite of मान. The prefix carries the meaning shift, which is the whole point of the chapter.

1) अनुचित

2) प्रबल

3) निर्धन

4) सुपुत्र

5) अपमान

6) विदेश

7) अधिकार

8) प्रत्येक

9) निर्भय

10) सुयोग

11) अपयश

12) विज्ञान

Exercise 3 of 3 · 12 questions प्रत्यय अलग कीजिए, फिर उसी मूल से एक और शब्द बनाइए।

WRITE THE ANSWER

HERE'S ONE DONE FOR YOU

लिखावट -> लिख + आवट, and from the same root, लिखाई. The प्रत्यय goes at the end. Asking for a second word from the same root is the part that shows real understanding - a child who can only split words has memorised, and a child who can build one has understood.

1) लिखावट

2) बुढ़ापा

3) मिठास

4) पढ़ाई

5) सुंदरता

6) सजावट

7) मोटापा

8) खटास

9) चढ़ाई

10) मधुरता

11) बचपन

12) लड़ाई

**All done? How did that feel?**

Colour in a star. Three stars means you could teach it to someone else.



Tricky · Getting there · Easy now



Answer key

For grown-ups

संधि, उपसर्ग और प्रत्यय · keep this page back until your child has finished.

1. संधि-विच्छेद कीजिए - break the joined word.

- 1) विद्या + आलय
- 2) सूर्य + उदय
- 3) हिम + आलय
- 4) देव + आलय
- 5) राम + अवतार
- 6) महा + ईश
- 7) पुस्तक + आलय
- 8) नर + ईश
- 9) सदा + एव
- 10) रवि + इंद्र
- 11) जगत् + ईश
- 12) विद्या + अर्थी

2. उपसर्ग अलग कीजिए - separate the prefix from the root word.

- 1) अनु + उचित
- 2) प्र + बल
- 3) निर् + धन
- 4) सु + पुत्र
- 5) अप + मान
- 6) वि + देश
- 7) अधि + कार
- 8) प्रति + एक
- 9) निर् + भय
- 10) सु + योग
- 11) अप + यश
- 12) वि + ज्ञान

3. प्रत्यय अलग कीजिए, फिर उसी मूल से एक और शब्द बनाइए।

- 1) लिख + आवट; another word - लिखाई
- 2) बूढ़ा + पा; another word - बुढ़िया
- 3) मीठा + आस; another word - मिठाई
- 4) पढ़ + आई; another word - पढ़ाकू
- 5) सुंदर + ता; another word - सुंदरी
- 6) सज + आवट; another word - सजावटी
- 7) मोटा + पा; another word - मोटाई
- 8) खट्टा + आस; another word - खटाई
- 9) चढ़ + आई; another word - चढ़ाव
- 10) मधुर + ता; another word - माधुर्य
- 11) बच्चा + पन; another word - बचकाना
- 12) लड़ + आई; another word - लड़ाका

WHILE YOUR CHILD WORKS

- Say it once: उपसर्ग goes in front, प्रत्यय goes at the end, संधि is two words merging. Three sentences cover the whole chapter's structure.
- The आलय pattern (a place) unlocks several sandhi words at once. Point it out rather than letting them break each one separately.
- Building a second word from the same root is the real test. Splitting alone can be done from memory.



Spotted a gap while marking?

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